


Imię i nazwisko: \_\_\_\_\_ Wynik: \_\_\_\_\_ /50

 **Audio 6 Zadanie 1 (5 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )**

Dwukrotnie wysłuchasz rozmowy w sklepie. Odpowiedz krótko na pytania do dialogu. Wymagana jest poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna udzielanych odpowiedzi.

Przykład: When did the woman buy her phone?

Last week.

- 1 What does the shop assistant want from the woman? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Has she dropped her phone? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 What will the shop assistant do with the woman's phone? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 How many options is the woman given? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Can she choose a model herself? \_\_\_\_\_

**Zadanie 2 (5 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )****Zakreśl poprawną formę: A lub B.**

Przykład: Sorry, but I didn't \_\_\_\_\_ your name.

A take

 B catch

- |   |                 |            |
|---|-----------------|------------|
| 1 It's of poor _____ . I won't take it.                 | A quality       | B number   |
| 2 We are offering a 10% _____ today.                    | A reduce        | B discount |
| 3 That's €20 _____ .                                    | A altogether    | B money    |
| 4 He can't _____ to buy this watch. It's too expensive. | A afford        | B let      |
| 5 Go to the _____ to buy some fresh bread.              | A greengrocer's | B baker's  |

**Zadanie 3 (10 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )****Uzupełnij luki w zdaniach wyrazami z ramki. Podano dwa wyrazy dodatkowo.**

about all at back greengrocer's <del>clothes</del> dry in in off on return try
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Przykład: You should go to that clothes shop selling chic dresses.

- 1 This camera doesn't work. I want my money \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 2 If you want to complain \_\_\_\_\_ the service, the manager is over there.
- 3 I bought these shoes \_\_\_\_\_ sale.
- 4 Could you deliver the sofa tomorrow, please? Thank you \_\_\_\_\_ advance.
- 5 My mum buys vegetables at the \_\_\_\_\_ on the corner.
- 6 I'd like to \_\_\_\_\_ this vacuum cleaner. It doesn't work.
- 7 Do you want to pay \_\_\_\_\_ cash?
- 8 Can I \_\_\_\_\_ this jacket on?
- 9 Could you tell me where the nearest \_\_\_\_\_ cleaner's is?
- 10 Will that be \_\_\_\_\_ ?

## Zadanie 4 (5 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )

Uzupełnij luki w tekście o centrach handlowych, wybierając właściwą opcję: A, B lub C.

Shopping centres seem to be **0 another** Western invention of our modern times. They also seem to be everywhere. As soon as one shopping centre is built, **1 \_\_\_\_\_** one appears not far away. However, similar places existed in **2 \_\_\_\_\_** parts of the world more than 1000 years ago.

In the Middle East, people went to bazaars to buy different things: from fruit and vegetables to spices and furniture. Most of the traditional bazaars are now gone but the **3 \_\_\_\_\_** that have survived are popular tourist attractions. In the 19<sup>th</sup> century, a lot of European cities covered their shopping streets with roofs, creating shopping 'arcades'. You could buy groceries, clothes and **4 \_\_\_\_\_** things there. In the 1920s car parks became a necessary part of shopping centres because of the invention of the car. Some people started coming in their cars to do big shopping and **5 \_\_\_\_\_** came to spend some time inside. This was the beginning of the shopping centres we know today.

Przykład:	A other	<b>B another</b>	C one
1	A other	B another	C others
2	A other	B another	C others
3	A other	B another	C ones
4	A other	B ones	C others
5	A other	B another	C others

## Zadanie 5 (10 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )

Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach.

Przykład: They (**lubią się**) like each other a lot.

- Which apple do you want? (**Czerwone czy zielone**) \_\_\_\_\_?
- Would you like (**jeszcze jedną filiżankę**) \_\_\_\_\_ of tea?
- I don't want this juice. I want (**tamten**) \_\_\_\_\_.
- I need new shoes. (**Te, które**) \_\_\_\_\_ I'm wearing now are uncomfortable.
- Hello, I need some cough medicine. Is (**to nowe**) \_\_\_\_\_ on the left good?
- I'd like to have a green notebook and (**żółty**) \_\_\_\_\_.
- I've just ordered two skirts: the first one for school and (**tę drugą**) \_\_\_\_\_ for parties.
- Margot bought biscuits and (**inne słodczyce**) \_\_\_\_\_.
- She likes American films, especially (**te stare**) \_\_\_\_\_.
- There's nothing in this shop so let's go to (**innego**) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Zadanie 6 (5 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )**

Do każdej z opisanych sytuacji, dobierz właściwą reakcję. Zakreśl literę A, B lub C.

Przykład: Sprzedawca pyta, ile chcesz pomidorów. Jakie pytanie usłyszysz?

A Would you like some tomatoes?

B  How many tomatoes?

C Are you paying for the tomatoes?

1 Kasjer prosi Cię o wprowadzenie kodu PIN podczas płatności kartą.

A Please enter your PIN.

B Could you give me your PIN, please?

C I'll enter your PIN.

2 Chcesz kupić tanie spodnie. Poproś sprzedawcę o pomoc.

A I'm just looking for jeans, thanks.

B Could I have a bigger size, please?

C I'd like some jeans. Are there any bargains?

3 Zwracasz bluzę, którą kupiłeś/aś kilka dni temu. Co powiesz?

A I'd like a new one, please.

B I'd like to return this, please.

C I'd like two of these, please.

4 Kupujesz książkę, a ekspedientka pyta, czy zapakować ją na prezent. Co usłyszysz?

A Would you like me to gift-wrap it for you?

B Would you like a gift?

C Could I get this book as a gift?

5 Zapytaj, gdzie są przymierzalnie.

A Where are the lifts here?

B Where are the bargains?

C Where are the fitting rooms?

Zadanie 7 (10 punktów / \_\_\_\_\_ )

Planujesz zakup sprzętu elektronicznego. Piszesz do kolegi, który prowadzi wideobloga poświęconego elektronice i jest specjalistą w tej dziedzinie. W mailu:

- poinformujesz, jaki sprzęt chcesz kupić,
- wyjaśnij, dlaczego go potrzebujesz,
- poprosisz kolegę o pomoc w wyborze modelu.

Limit słów: 50-120.

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